



Nigeria

Greater access in the North East of Nigeria has revealed an acute humanitarian situation with food insecurity affecting more than 4.4 million people. The epicentre of this crisis is located in Borno State, where over 1.4 million people have been displaced as a result of Boko Haram violence, and approximately 750,000 people have recently been brought within reach in “newly accessible areas”. Populations in these areas are in dire need of food, health, water and sanitation, education and protection. In addition, an estimated 2.2 million people currently remain inaccessible to humanitarian actors in Borno State. The government declared a nutrition emergency for Borno State in June 2016. A few weeks later, the identification of two polio cases placed Nigeria back on the list of polio-endemic countries. The estimated caseload of children under-5 suffering from Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM) is over 398,000 in Borno, Adamawa, and Yobe States. Children are exposed to the worst forms of violence and exploitation including killing, maiming, abductions, forced recruitment into armed groups and sexual violence. Significant security and access challenges hamper the delivery of life-saving services.

Humanitarian strategy

UNICEF has significantly scaled up its field presence and response to provide a multi-sector response to over 2 million affected people in the newly accessible areas, Maiduguri Municipality Centre (MMC), Jere LGA, Southern Borno, as well as Gujaba and Gulani LGAs of Yobe. In order to meet the expanding needs of displaced and host populations, UNICEF is providing funding, supplies and technical support to the key strategies of: Strengthening the outreach delivery of Primary Health Care (PHC) with an integrated package of Health, Nutrition and WASH services; Promoting Community Management of Acute Malnutrition (CMAM) and combining it with vaccination campaigns; Partnering with communities in hard to reach areas and working with 2,200 Volunteer Community Mobilizers (VCMs) in the IDP camps and host communities; Partnering with NGOs to accelerate and scale up service delivery into all newly accessible areas. Safe learning spaces are being established to provide children with access to basic education, while support to the re-establishment of the education system is underway. Psychosocial support is provided to children in IDP sites and host communities through recreational activities in safe spaces. Separated and unaccompanied children

receive individual care and assistance, and children formerly associated with Boko Haram are provided with reintegration assistance. UNICEF supports humanitarian coordination in the areas of Nutrition, WASH, Education and Child Protection and is expanding its field presence to strengthen advocacy, monitoring and technical supervision. UNICEF is implementing this scale-up plan in close coordination with other UN agencies and partners.

UNICEF Results

As of 15 September 2016, over 2.6 million people have been reached with primary health care (PHC) services (of which over 540,000 were reached in the newly accessible areas), and close to 75,000 children under-5 have been admitted for therapeutic treatment of SAM. Access to water has been provided to 448,000 people while more than 622,000 people benefitted from improved sanitation. Over 887,000 children have been vaccinated against polio. Over 72,000 conflict-affected children have been able to access education in a protective and safe learning environment; and 133,100 children received psychosocial support through a network of 943 trained community volunteers in 195 Child-Friendly Spaces (CFSs) in 27 IDP camps and 209 communities. Over 4,100 unaccompanied and separated children have received individual protection assistance.

Humanitarian Action for Children Nigeria

unicef 

Total affected population: 14.8 million

Total affected children (under 18): 7.3 million¹

Total people to be reached in 2016: 4.5 million

Total children to be reached in 2016: 2.1 million

2016 programme targets

Nutrition

- 398,188 children aged 6 to 59 months admitted for SAM treatment

Health

- 4,267,534 conflict-affected people reached with emergency primary health care services
- 5,731,507 children vaccinated against measles.
- 160,000 conflict-affected families reached with long-lasting insecticide-treated nets (LLITNs)

WASH

- 1,220,995 conflict-affected provided with access to safe water per agreed standards
- 1,003,547 conflict-affected people benefitted from improved sanitation
- 1,100,000 conflict-affected benefitted from hygiene promotion messages & WASH Kits

Child protection

- 436,201 conflict-affected children reached with psychosocial support
- 8,355 Unaccompanied and separated children supported (case managed, including those supported in alternative care arrangements)

Education

- 586,400 conflict-affected children accessed education in protective and safe learning environments

¹ Source: 2016 Humanitarian Response Plan Nigeria www.humanitarianresponse.info/en/operations/nigeria. It includes IDPs, vulnerable host populations and estimated inaccessible populations in Borno, Adamawa, Yobe and Gombe states (the total population for the four states is 15.2 million).

PROGRAMME RESULTS AND TARGETS	Sector Target	Sector Total Results (Jan-Sep)	Revised UNICEF 2016 Target	UNICEF Total Results (Jan-Sep)
NUTRITION				
Number of children 6-59 months with SAM admitted to therapeutic care for specified period of time*	398,188	74,978	398,188	74,978
Proportion of children 6-59 months with SAM recovered	>75%	87%	>75%	87%
Number of caregivers of children 0-23 months with access to IYCF counselling	637,952	137,580	138,904	59,816
Number of children 6-23 months in the affected areas receiving MNPs	126,565	83,559	126,565	83,559
HEALTH				
Number of children 6 months-15 years vaccinated against measles			5,731,507	319,938
Number of people reached with emergency primary health care services			4,267,534	2,627,987
Number of families reached with long-lasting insecticide-treated nets (LLITNs)			160,000	76,775
WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE				
Number of people provided with access to safe water per agreed standards	1,856,572	616,534	1,220,995	448,333
Number of people with access to improved sanitation facilities	1,033,547	668,200	1,033,547	622,152
Number of people reached through hygiene promotion Campaigns/ received WASH hygiene kits	2,601,209	605,531	1,100,000	462,134
CHILD PROTECTION				
Number of children reached with psychosocial support	559,441	205,611	436,201	133,102
Number of children and women associated with armed groups/victims of SGBV supported with reintegration services**	5,050	1,483	4,550	1,424
Number of unaccompanied and separated children supported (case managed, including those supported in alternative care arrangements)	10,655	5,809	8,355	4,122
Number of children reached with Mine Risk Education	104,000	10,988	104,000	10,988
EDUCATION				
Number of school-aged children including adolescents reached by schools/temporary facilities in safe learning environment	586,400	130,432	586,400	72,891
Number of school-aged children reached with learning materials	905,240	199,066	586,400	149,088

* UNICEF target is 100 per cent of SAM caseload for Borno (244,268), Yobe (106,105) and Adamawa (47,815).

** Includes victims of forced marriage and sexual violence and children born out of sexual violence.

Funding requirements

UNICEF has revised its HAC from US\$55.6 million to US\$115 million, to reflect the funding requirements of the scale up plan which focuses on the provision of multi-sectoral assistance in the newly accessible areas, Maiduguri Municipality, Jere, Southern Borno and Gujaba and Gulani LGAs of Yobe.

To date, UNICEF has received US\$28 million, including nearly US\$4.76 million carried forward from 2015. Without additional funding, UNICEF will be unable to meet the needs of affected populations. Specifically, UNICEF will be unable to:

- Provide lifesaving health and nutrition services to the most vulnerable children;
- Increase access to safe water and sanitation;
- Offer expanded psychosocial support to conflict affected children;
- Increase availability and quality of support for separated and/or unaccompanied children;
- Support reintegration of children and women associated with armed groups into communities; and
- Expand access to education.

Appeal Sector	Original 2016 HAC Requirements	Revised 2016 HAC Requirements*	Funds Available**	Funding gap	
				\$	%
WASH	8,883,764	32,432,817	5,586,696	26,846,121	83%
Education	5,052,870	12,951,282	4,955,965	7,995,317	62%
Health	13,000,000	27,016,164	3,131,736	23,884,428	88%
Nutrition	11,219,000	19,324,375	12,397,041	6,927,334	36%
Child Protection	7,903,054	23,275,362	2,123,979	21,151,383	91%
Social Protection	9,500,000		0		
Total	55,558,688	115,000,000	28,195,417	86,804,583	75%

*As per scale-up plan for Borno and Yobe; includes response requirements.

** Funds available includes funding received against current appeal as well as carry-forward of \$4.76 million from the previous year.

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