

School bags & uniforms distribution in Bakassi camp © UNICEF Nigeria, October, 2016



# Nigeria

## HUMANITARIAN SITUATION REPORT #10

### Situation in Numbers

## Highlights

- With UNICEF’s support, nearly 370,000 children have been vaccinated against measles in 2016. A mass measles vaccination (integrated with Vitamin A supplementation and screening for malnutrition) is underway in 16 IDP camps in MMC and Jere targeting 70,565 children (6 months-15 years).
- Over 117,000 children with severe acute malnutrition (SAM) have been admitted to therapeutic feeding programmes in Adamawa, Borno and Yobe states.
- More than 702,000 people (64 per cent of target) have been reached with hygiene promotion/NFI distribution. During this week, 85,797 people were reached with hygiene promotion along with a cholera awareness campaign through house to house visits.
- With UNICEF’s support, 12 semi-permanent structures are under construction in Mafa LGA to enable resumption of schooling for 600 conflict affected children.
- Psychosocial support has benefitted 168,603 children including through CFS based recreational activities for vulnerable, unaccompanied and separated children, and children associated with armed forces/group.

3 - 9 November 2016

**14.8 million**

People affected by the crisis in the four north east states of Adamawa, Borno, Gombe and Yobe (HRP, January 2016)

**7 million**

People in need in the four North East states (HRP, January 2016)

**3.8 million**

Children in need in the four North East states (HRP, January 2016)

**UNICEF Appeal 2016**

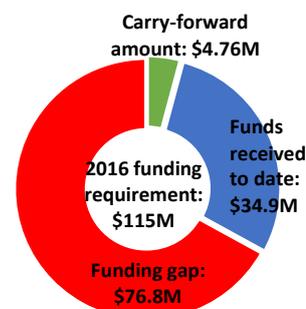
**US\$ 115 million**

\*Humanitarian Action for Children (HAC), does not include inaccessible areas of Borno

## UNICEF and Partners Response

Indicators	UNICEF		Sector	
	UNICEF Target	Cumulative results	Sector Target	Cumulative results
# of conflict affected people provided with access to safe water per agreed standard	1,220,995	611,813	1,771,188	905,128
# Children <5 with SAM admitted to therapeutic feeding programmes	398,188	117,087	398,188	117,087
# of conflict affected people reached with emergency PHC services	4,267,534	3,167,553		
# of conflict affected children reached with psychosocial support	436,201	168,603	559,441	258,654
# of conflict affected children accessing education in a protective and safe learning environment	586,400	89,811	663,600	147,352

### 2016 Funds Available



## Situation Overview & Humanitarian Needs

According to IOM's Round XII of Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM)<sup>1</sup> Borno, Adamawa and Yobe states are most affected by the conflict with highest numbers of both IDPs and returnees in need of critical life-saving humanitarian assistance. Borno state remains the epicentre of crisis with more than 1.3 million internally displaced persons (IDPs) in Borno, followed by 170,070 in Adamawa and 124,706 in Yobe states. 55 per cent of the displaced population are children. Most of the IDPs, (over 78 per cent) are staying with host families, while less than 22 per cent are staying in official and unofficial camps. Compared to the last rounds of assessments, Round XII shows an overall decrease of 61,173 people to 1,822,541 IDPs, in the six states (Adamawa, Yobe, Borno, Bauchi, Gombe and Taraba). 88% of this decrease happened in Borno state.

Humanitarian activities, including integrated measles vaccination campaign has resumed in 16 IDP camps/sites in MMC and Jere. There was temporary suspension last week due to a suicide attack at the entrance of Bakassi camp and reports of possible attacks in other camps.

After five measles cases were reported from Hausari and Bulabulin wards in Gwoza LGA, UNICEF, WHO & MSF teams are supporting the Government to commence response vaccination in these areas. The campaign preparation is ongoing to reach 46,249 eligible children (6 month-15 years) in the wards.

During the reporting week, UNICEF's multi sectoral teams completed monitoring/assessment missions to Monguno, Mafa and Banki, visiting major camps, host communities accommodating IDPs, and meeting Government and other humanitarian partners. In Monguno, UNICEF team visited seven IDP camps/camp like sites. There is a need to urgently expand sanitation, hygiene promotion and NFI distribution, which is taken as matter of priority for coming weeks. Nutrition Team focused on the on-going Blanket Supplementary Food Distribution Programme (BSFP) for the pregnant and lactating women (PLW) with support from UNICEF partner, ACF. There is a need to rationalise the Voluntary Community Mobiliser (VCM) network to strengthen overall social mobilisation, better engage with community leaders/influencers and to strengthen routine immunization and ante-natal care. Advocacy efforts also required for opening/making Government health facilities functional.

## Humanitarian leadership and coordination

The Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) agreed on the geographical focus (Borno, Adamawa and Yobe states), targets and priorities for the Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP) for Nigeria's northeast in 2017.

A two-day workshop on HRP 2017 was conducted in Abuja on 2 & 3 November 2016, as part of the HRP planning processes, led by State Minister of Budget and National Planning. UNICEF as sector lead for the WASH, Nutrition, Education sectors and Child Protection Sub-sector, participated in the workshop with government, NGO, donor and other UN partners in Abuja. It was agreed during the workshop that geo-focus of the HRP will be the three most affected states in northeast Nigeria (Borno, Yobe and Adamawa). As per its lead agency role, UNICEF has organised coordination meetings both at Abuja and Borno levels, working closely with partners across the various sectors on developing sector strategies and plans including population targets, priority interventions and costings. The HRP Nigeria is expected to be launched during the first week of December.

## Humanitarian strategy

UNICEF is implementing the emergency response scale-up plan in coordination with other UN agencies and partners, including Government and NGOs. UNICEF's humanitarian strategy for the revised scale-up of intervention and support focuses on strengthening existing systems of UNICEF's programming to reach the most vulnerable people. Programmatically, UNICEF continues to scale-up its delivery of an integrated package of interventions to affected populations which include: nutrition response to increase coverage of SAM treatment, micronutrient supplementation and infant and young child feeding (IYCF); improve outreach of primary health care services; improve access to safe water and sanitation at health facilities (including those supporting SAM treatment) and hygiene promotion; psychosocial support for children (including in safe spaces), care and support for separated and unaccompanied children, reintegration support for children associated with Boko Haram as well as ensuring increased access to education for school aged children.

## Summary analysis of programme response

**Nutrition:** A total of 117,087 children (29.4 per cent of the annual target) with severe acute malnutrition (SAM) have been admitted to therapeutic feeding programs in Adamawa, Borno and Yobe states, of whom 2,990 of the children were admitted during the reporting period.

<sup>1</sup>Nigeria Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM), Round XII, 31 October 2016

Under the scale up plan focusing on specific LGAs in Borno and Yobe states, since 1<sup>st</sup> September, 14,716 children with SAM were admitted to therapeutic feeding programme, 5,845 children (6-23 months) received multiple micronutrient powder (MNP), and 3,009 pregnant and lactating women (PLW) with children under 2 years received IYCF counselling.

UNICEF with partner, ACF, supported the registration of 4,440 PLW for blanket supplementary feeding programme (overall sector target is 55,000 PLW) in Mungono. UNICEF support includes supplies, training of health workers, IEC materials and operational costs. The food distribution will start this week, while registration continues in other new locations.

A one day workshop was held on IYCF-E in Borno, 26 participants from 20 LGAs and 4 development partners reviewed the proposed IYCF-E component of the sector minimum nutrition services package. The participants agreed on a minimum package for IYCF-E services in Borno state and a set of recording and reporting tools for Community-IYCF and the IYCF-E counselling tracking tool. They also agreed to ensure dissemination of the key policies and guidelines to all sector partners for compliance. Similar workshops are planned in Yobe state.

**Health:** During the reporting period, 107,348 children and women utilized integrated PHC services in Borno, Adamawa and Yobe states, bringing the cumulative total to nearly 3.2 million people reached with PHC services. The major causes of consultations remain diarrhoea, malaria and pneumonia. In total, 393 deliveries were assisted in health facilities in camps and host communities during the reporting period. A total of 29,873 children received routine immunizations in supported clinics in IDP camps and host communities.

The integrated measles campaign (with nutrition screening & Vitamin A supplementation) in 16 IDP camps in MMC and Jere has resumed, 70,565 children (6 months-15 years) will be reached with measles vaccination. UNICEF support includes vaccine management, HR and information/data management support. Other partners supporting this include MSF & WHO.

UNICEF supported the state Ministry of Health and the Borno State Primary Health care development agency to recruit and train 60 nurses/midwives on integrated PHC services to be deployed to the newly liberated areas in Borno state to improve quality of healthcare being provided especially maternal, newborn and child health.

UNICEF in Maiduguri handed over educational materials to the State Commissioner of Health for the Schools of Midwifery /Nursing in Borno and Yobe states for strengthening the training capacity of the institutions. The materials include various mannequins ( for simulation training), computers and textbooks.

**WASH:** During the reporting period, under the scale up plan in north east, 47,400 people benefitted through construction of 227 emergency latrines in Maiduguri (200), newly accessible Dikwa LGA (15) and Gujba LGAs (22). Sanitation activities were supported with hygiene promotion and cholera awareness campaign reaching 85,797 beneficiaries through house to house visits using posters and flyers. During the week, 20,000 people were provided access to water, with the rehabilitation/upgrading of six dysfunctional boreholes to solar powered boreholes in Gwoza LGA and two in Gujba LGA.

**Child protection:** During the reporting period, 525 children and women associated with armed groups/victims of SGBV (including victims of forced marriage and sexual violence and children born out of sexual violence) were supported with reintegration services. This figure includes identification and profiling of 486 children associated with armed groups in three newly accessible LGAs of Borno State – Bama (133), Dikwa (76) and Damboa (277) and support provided by UNICEF partner, International Alert, to 24 girls under 18 years and 15 women, who experienced sexual violence by armed group. Additionally, under UNICEF's partnership with CHAD, 3 unaccompanied boys and 4 separated children (2 boys, 2 girls) from Bama IDP camp in Bama LGA were reunified with their parents.

With UNICEF's support, 148 mothers with their 355 children (169 boys, 186 girls) and 58 separated children, who were handed over to the Borno State Ministry of Women Affairs and Social Development by the Nigerian Army on 16 September 2016, were resettled with family members in Maiduguri. The Borno State Governors' office provided NGN 10,000 (USD 25) per person as part of the resettlement package and UNICEF provided non-food items.

UNICEF conducted a training for 45 government and NGO social workers on a harmonized approach to document and provide support to children handed over to the Borno State Government by the Nigerian Army, in order to address gaps identified in the process of reception and interim care of women and children at the transit center.

**Education:** After rapid assessments were done in Monguno and Kanduga LGAs in the beginning on this month UNICEF plans to support the Government, namely the State Basic Education Board (SUBEB), to establish 12 semi-permanent schools structures and three pre-fab class rooms by net week in Mongono IDP camp and surrounding areas to accommodate additional 5,040 children. Additionally 12 Temporary Learning Spaces (TLS) will be established in Konduga by SUBEB through UNICEF's support. Due to increased enrolment in Muna Garage IDP camps, UNICEF will advocate start of double shift schooling.

Under the education sector response, 27,663 (12,210 Boys/15,453 Girls) learners/students (out of the overall target of 54,000) are enrolled in non-formal schools. Linked to this, 870 (606 men, 264 women) non-formal education facilitators/mentor teachers have been trained and are set to deliver non-formal education in 708 currently available centres. Guided by the Interagency Network for

Education in Emergencies (INEE) Minimum Standards, each class will hold 40 learners. In a related effort instructional material is provided to facilitators to support the teaching and learning process for the above students.

## Communication for Development and Polio Outbreak Response

UNICEF social mobilisation plans have been updated and funds sent to the state and LGA levels in preparation for the upcoming fourth polio outbreak response from 12 to 15 November, which targets more than 3.2 million children in Borno, Yobe and Adamawa states (31 million children in all 18 high risk states), Despite this ongoing challenge, social mobilisation implementation is moving forward as planned.

Advocacy and social mobilisation activities continued in the lead up to the response through meetings with the Permanent Secretary of State Universal Basic Education to ensure vaccination access at primary schools, as well as traditional leaders, religious focal persons, Journalists Against Polio, and LGA Chairmen to sensitize on the upcoming vaccination round and mobilise communities and create demand for the polio vaccine.

In Monguno LGA, where a wild poliovirus outbreak had previously been detected, UNICEF has recruited and trained 33 new Volunteer Community Mobilisers (VCM) and Volunteer Ward Supervisors (VWS) on inter-personal communication skills. VCMs and VWSs will travel from house to house to vaccinate children and resolve cases of rejection. UNICEF also met with the Monguno District Health representative who will provide additional community mobilisation through existing LGA health structures.

## Funding

UNICEF's revised funding requirement for emergency response in the northeast Nigeria is US\$ 115 million. The funding available is nearly US\$ 38 million (which includes carried over funds of over US\$ 4.76 M) with a funding gap of 68 per cent. Child Protection is critically underfunded at 91 per cent along with health (84 per cent) and WASH (83 per cent). The funding gap is also having a negative impact on the implementation of integrated programmes, especially health and WASH which are also essential to address the underlying causes of malnutrition. UNICEF is deeply appreciative of recent contributions from Germany, USAID FFP and ECHO's approval of EUR 1.2 million for the emergency response interventions in the north east which is in process.

Funding Requirements (as defined in the revised Humanitarian Action for Children (HAC))				
Appeal Sector	Requirements	Funds available*	Funding gap	
			USD	%
WASH	32,432,817	5,577,290	26,855,527	83%
Education	12,951,282	6,000,913	6,950,369	54%
Health	27,016,164	4,440,971	22,575,193	84%
Nutrition	19,324,375	20,779,855	0**	0%
Child Protection	23,275,362	2,890,205	20,385,157	88%
<b>Total</b>	<b>115,000,000</b>	<b>39,689,234</b>	<b>76,766,246</b>	<b>67%</b>

\*Funds available includes funding received against current appeal as well as carry-forward from the previous year.

\*\*Funding needs as per 2016 HAC requirements for nutrition met for 2016. Focus for nutrition sector is 2017 funding needs which are forthcoming in the 2017 HRP.

## Next SitRep: 21 November 2016

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**Annex A: Summary Analysis of Programme Response against 2016 revised HAC targets**

Sector	Sector Response			UNICEF and IPs		
	Sector target <sup>2</sup>	Sector total results	Change since last report	Revised UNICEF 2016 target	UNICEF total results	Change since last report
<b>NUTRITION</b>						
Number of children 6-59 months with Severe Acute Malnutrition <sup>3</sup> admitted to therapeutic care for specified period of time	398,188	117,087	2,990	398,188	117,087	2,990
Proportion of children 6-59 months with severe acute malnutrition recovered	>75%	86%	n/a	>75%	86%	n/a
Number of caregivers of children 0-23 months with access to IYCF counselling for appropriate feeding	637,952	168,413	0	138,904	87,955	0
Number of children 6-23 months in the affected areas receiving multiple micronutrient powder	126,565	106,296	885	126,565	106,296	885
<b>HEALTH</b>						
Number of children 6months-15years vaccinated against measles				5,731,507	369,119	17,909
Number of people reached with emergency primary health care services				4,267,534	3,167,553	107,348
Number of families reached with LLITNs				160,000	163,790	12,644
<b>WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE</b>						
Number of people provided with access to safe water per agreed standards	1,771,188	905,128	20,000	1,220,995	611,813	20,000
Number of people with access to improved sanitation facilities	1,345,400	1,153,052	47,400	1,033,547	983,004	47,400
Number of people reached through hygiene promotion Campaigns/ received WASH hygiene kits	2,601,209	935,298	85,959	1,100,000	702,506	85,959
<b>CHILD PROTECTION</b>						
Number of children reached with psychosocial support (including through CFS and child clubs)	559,441	258,654	1,507	436,201	168,603	1,507
Number of children and women associated with armed groups/victims of SGBV <sup>4</sup> supported with reintegration services	5,050	4,786	525	4,550	4,786	525
Number of unaccompanied and separated children supported (case managed, including those supported in alternative care arrangements)	10,655	7,997	7	8,355	5,689	7
Number of children reached with Mine Risk Education	104,000	10,988	0	104,000	10,988	0
<b>EDUCATION</b>						
Number of school-aged children including adolescents reached by schools/temporary facilities in safe learning environment	663,600	170,015	22,663	586,400	89,811	0
Number of school-aged children reached with learning materials	876,020	228,943	22,663	586,400	156,302	0
Number of children attending schools/TLSs with a teacher trained in C/DRR (including vulnerability mapping and response planning)	231,400	0	0	231,400	0	0

<sup>3</sup> UNICEF target is 100 per cent of SAM caseload for Borno (244,268), Yobe (106,105) and Adamawa (47,815)

<sup>4</sup> including victims of forced marriage and sexual violence and children born out of sexual violence

**Annex B: Summary Analysis of Programme Response against UNICEF Scale Up targets (with effect from 1 September 2016)**

Sector	Location									UNICEF		Change since last report ▲ ▼
	MMC Jere South Borno			Newly Accessible Areas			Yobe (Gujuba and Gulani LGAs)			Total Results		
	Target	Results	Change Since last report	Target	Results	Change Since last report	Target	Results	Change Since last report	Target	Results	
<b>NUTRITION</b>												
Number of children 6-59 months with Severe Acute Malnutrition admitted to therapeutic care for specified period of time	71,604	8,026	332	50,544	5,956	907	5,932	734	33	128,080	14,716	1,272
Proportion of children 6-59 months with severe acute malnutrition recovered	>75%	88%	0	>75%	85%	0	>75%	0	0	>75%	86%	0
Number of caregivers of children 0-23 months with access to IYCF counselling for appropriate feeding	68,000	2,890	0	12,000	119	0	6,434	0	0	86,434	3,009	0
Number of children 6-23 months in the affected areas receiving multiple micronutrient powder	51,000	4,827	235	9,000	1,018	37	4,826	0	0	64,826	5,845	272
<b>HEALTH</b>												
Number of children 6months-15years vaccinated against measles	1,360,427	29,274	12,623	954,750	12,206	3,548	144,000	5,742	1,706	2,459,177	47,222	17,877
Number of people reached with emergency primary health care services	600,000	271,226	52,378	750,000	154,230	22,793	320,000	82,893	11,538	1,670,000	508,349	86,709
Number of families reached with LLITNs	10,000	0	0	125,000	72,028	12,625	25,000	14,321	0	160,000	86,349	12,625
<b>WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE</b>												
Number of people provided with access to safe water per agreed standards	391,154	130,960	0	375,000	192,905	15,000	51,608	26,000	5,000	817,762	349,865	20,000

Number of people with access to improved sanitation facilities	606,939	289,017	40,000	375,000	304,400	3,000	51,608	6,400	4,400	1,033,547	599,817	47,400
Number of people reached through hygiene promotion Campaigns/received WASH hygiene kits	606,939	247,068	85,797	375,000	159,785	0	51,608	15,886	0	1,033,547	422,739	85,797
<b>CHILD PROTECTION</b>												
Number of children reached with psychosocial support (including through CFS and child clubs)	246,566	45,302	358	121,635	21,014	425	8,000	0	0	376,201	66,316	783
Number of children and women associated with armed groups/victims of SGBV (including victims of forced marriage and sexual violence and children born out of sexual violence) supported with reintegration services	1,125	2,189	39	1,150	1,525	486	50	0	0	2,325	3,714	525
Number of unaccompanied and separated children supported (case managed, including those supported in alternative care arrangements)	4,130	3,134	0	2,875	1,142	7	150	0	0	7,155	4,276	7
Number of children reached with MRE	74,800	0	0	21,200	0	0	8,000	0	0	104,000	0	0
<b>EDUCATION<sup>5</sup></b>												
Number of school-aged children including adolescents reached by schools/temporary facilities in safe learning environment	158,500	3,784	0	200,000	9,779	0	67,900	2,030	0	426,400	15,593	0
Number of school-aged children reached with learning materials	158,500	2,214	0	200,000	6,000	0	67,900	0	0	426,400	8,214	0
Number of children attending schools/TLSs with a teacher trained in C/DRR (including vulnerability mapping and response planning)	79,250	0	0	100,000	0	0	33,950	0	0	213,200	0	0

<sup>5</sup> Progress under the scale up plan not available, will be reported next week

